



INTLREG REGULATORY BULLETIN 2024 WINTER EDITION, JANUARY



This bulletin is published to serve as an *aide-mémoire* of recent regulatory changes in the international shipping industry. This bulletin provides information of regulatory changes adopted by the International Maritime Organization (IMO) with entry into force (or action dates) dates from 01 January 2024 to 01 January 2025.

Further information on these regulations can be obtained from the resolution of the appropriate IMO body adopting the new requirements. These resolutions are available at IMO website.



OBJECTIVE

INTLREG ESTABLISHES AND ADMINISTERS RULES AND GUIDELINES FOR THE CLASSIFICATION OF SHIPS, AND OTHER FLOATING MARINE STRUCTURES COVERING THEIR DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, AND OPERATIONAL MAINTENANCE FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING AND MAINTAINING THE STRUCTURAL AND MECHANICAL FITNESS FOR THEIR INTENDED PURPOSE.

INTLREG OBJECTIVE IS TO SAFEGUARD LIFE, PROPERTY, & ENVIRONMENT

VISION & MISSION

OUR VISION IS TO BECOME A LEADING CLASSIFICATION SOCIETY WITH FULL RANGE OF SUPPORTING SERVICES.

OUR MISSION IS TO CONTINUOUSLY ENSURE SAFETY OF LIFE AND PROPERTY AT SEA, PREVENTION OF POLLUTION IN THE MARINE ENVIRONMENT THROUGH DEVELOPMENT AND VERIFICATION OF STANDARDS FOR DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATIONAL MAINTENANCE OF MARINE-RELATED FACILITIES.

QUALITY POLICY

IT IS THE QUALITY POLICY OF INTLREG TO PROVIDE SERVICES THAT MEET OR EXCEED THE CUSTOMER EXPECTATIONS, ALL APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS AND THE QUALITY WHICH IS CONTINUOUSLY PERFECTED THROUGH THE DOCUMENTED QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM OF THE ORGANIZATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF MEASURABLE QUALITY OBJECTIVES.

WE PROMOTE CONTINUAL IMPROVEMENT OF OUR QUALITY MANAGEMENT PROCESS IN THE PURSUIT OF HIGH LEVELS OF SAFETY OF LIFE, PROPERTY AND PROTECTION OF THE MARITIME ENVIRONMENT.

THE QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM, SUPPORTED BY MANAGEMENT COMMITMENT ENSURE THE CONTINUAL DELIVERY OF:

- > HIGH LEVELS OF TECHNICAL EXPERTISE AND COMPETENCE;
- > INTEGRITY, IMPARTIALITY AND ETHICAL PRACTICES; AND
- > EXCELLENCE OF SERVICES IN ALL OF OUR PRODUCT LINES

ALL OF THE EMPLOYEES OF THE ORGANIZATION SUPPORTED BY OUR INTERNAL QUALITY SYSTEM ARE ACCOUNTABLE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF OUR QUALITY POLICY, AND SHALL BE COMMITTED AT ALL TIMES TO FULFIL THE NEEDS AND MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF OUR CUSTOMERS, OUR SUPPLIERS, OUR EMPLOYEES AND INTERESTED PARTIES.



Amendments to SOLAS Chapter II-1, the following regulations have been agreed:

a) Reg. 3.8: towing & mooring equipment.

b) Reg. 7-2.5: calculation of the factor Si. remove the inconsistency with regulation 17 regarding the treatment of doors in watertight bulkheads.

c) Reg. 12.6.1 - 12.6.3: peak and machinery space bulkheads (valve). The valve shall be "a remotely controlled valve capable of being operated from above the bulkhead deck of passenger ships and the freeboard deck of cargo ships. The valve shall be normally closed. If the remote-control system should fail during operation of the valve, the valve shall close automatically or be capable of being closed manually from a position above the bulkhead deck of passenger ships and the freeboard deck of cargo ships."

d) Reg. 13: opening in watertight bulkhead below the bulkhead deck in passenger ships: openings below the bulkhead deck, poweroperated sliding watertight door and their power systems.

e) Reg. 15: opening in the shell plating below the bulkhead deck for passenger ships and the freeboard deck of cargo ships (watertightness, number, integrity)

f) Reg. 16: initial tests of watertight closures

g) Reg. 17: internal watertight integrity of passenger ships above the bulkhead deck and considerations of hull and superstructure's integrity, on ro-ro passenger ships

h) Reg. 19: damage control information

i) Reg. 21: weekly tests of watertight doors (passenger ships)

j) Reg. 22: prevention control of water ingress (closure before/during voyages).

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	Ship Owners shall be guided by these SOLAS chapter II-1 amendments.
To Flags & RO	There will be more choices available for valve type at the collision bulkhead and other requirements will be clearer to allow Administrations more flexibility.
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	More choices available for valve type gives the designers more flexibility

Convention / Regulation

Amendments to SOLAS Chapter II-1 with regards to doors, hatches and valves which pierce watertight boundaries

Application

All ship types contracted on or after 1 January 2024

Entry into Force / Applicable From

01 January 2024

Reference

SOLAS Chapter II-1, Regulations 7, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 17-1, 19, 21, 22 and 23; MSC.474(102)



Following several incidents on board ships involving the failure of mooring lines causing severe injury or death, the IMO has developed new requirements covering the provision and maintenance of mooring lines. The equipment selection and mooring arrangement design safety objectives should be to facilitate safe mooring operations and reduce the risk to shipboard personnel and mooring personnel caused by inappropriate selection and arrangement of equipment and fittings. Three new paragraphs will be added to the current regulation II-1/3-8, to address design requirements and inspection of new ships and inspection and maintenance of mooring arrangements for all ships. Three sets of supporting guidance covering the design, inspection, maintenance and the strength of mooring equipment have also been produced.

The amendments for design of mooring arrangement apply to ships of 3,000 GT and above constructed on or after 1 January 2024, also including lines as part of the mooring equipment. Ships of less than 3,000 GT constructed on or after 1 January 2024 should also comply with these requirements as far as reasonably practicable, or with applicable national standards of the Administration.

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	All SOLAS ships, regardless of size and date of construction, mooring equipment including lines will be subject to inspection and maintenance requirements. Additionally, ships shall have documented maintenance plans, procedures and records for mooring operations, inspection and maintenance of mooring equipment (including mooring lines) as per the guidance provided in the circular MSC.1/Circ.1620.	Entry i Applie 01 Jc
To Flags & RO	Documentation regarding maintenance plans, procedures and records for mooring operations shall be verified as per the guidance provided in the circular MSC.1/Circ.1620.	Re SOLAS Re MEPO
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	The equipment selection and mooring arrangement design safety objectives should be to facilitate safe mooring operations.	

Convention / Regulation

Amendments to SOLAS Regulation II-1/3-8 covering mooring arrangements

Application

All ships of 3000 GT and above, constructed on or after January 2024

Entry into Force / Applicable From

01 January 2024

Reference

SOLAS Regulation II-1/3-8, MEPC.474 (102)



Amendments to the following regulations have been agreed:

Regulation 42 - Emergency source of electrical power in passenger ships

In paragraph 4.2, existing reference to "regulation 13.7.3.3" is replaced by reference to "regulation 13.6.3.3" and existing reference to "regulation 13.7.2" is replaced by reference to "regulation 13.6.2".

Para 4.2: Power to operate the watertight doors, as required by regulation 13.7.3.3 (now II-1/13), but not necessarily all of them simultaneously, unless an independent temporary source of stored energy is provided. Power to the control, indication and alarm circuits as required by regulation 13.7.2 (now II-1/13) for half an hour.

These amendments apply to all ship types contracted on or after 01 January 2024, in the absence of a building contract, keel laid on or after 01 July 2024 or delivered on or after 1 January 2028.

Convention / Regulation

Amendments to SOLAS Chapter II-1 with regards to electrical installations)

Application

All ship types contracted on or after 1 January 2024

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	Ship owners shall be guided by the resolution MSC.474(102)
To Flags & RO	N/A
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	N/A

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 January 2024

Reference

SOLAS Chapter II-1, Regulation 42; MSC.474(102)



The amendments aim to modernize the GMDSS for a future utilization of new systems and withdraw obsolete systems. In addition to that a new definition and functional requirements were added. This new chapter IV was amended to accommodate the utilization of current and future communication systems.

New functional requirements were defined so that every ship, while at sea, shall be MSC.496 (105)

capable of performing the following GMDSS functions:

- a. Transmitting ship-to-shore distress alerts by at least two separate and independent means, each using a different radiocommunication service
- b. Receiving shore-to-ship distress alert relays
- c. Transmitting and receiving ship-to-ship distress alerts
- d. Transmitting and receiving search and rescue coordinating communications
- e. Transmitting and receiving on-scene communications
- f. Transmitting and receiving signals for locating
- g. Receiving MSI (also necessary while at port)
- h. Transmitting and receiving urgency and safety communications

Transmitting and receiving bridge-to-bridge communications.

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	The definitions of the sea areas and functional requirements of the GMDSS have been slightly modified. Sea Area 3 is now defined by the equipment carried on board. The intention is that most equipment remains valid, in order to reduce the need for additional investment in both ship equipment and shore side services.
To Flags & RO	The functional requirements of the GMDSS as per the definition of sea areas shall be verified
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	N/A

Convention / Regulation

Amendments to SOLAS Chapters II-1, III, IV and V – Modernization of GMDSS

Application

All SOLAS applicable ships of 300GT and above, including new and existing ships

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 January 2024

Reference

SOLAS Chapters II-1, III, IV and V; MSC.496 (105)



The title of item 8.1 of the details of navigational systems and equipment section is revised for the existing records of equipment for cargo ship safety (Form E and C) and passenger ship safety (Form P) as followed: "rudder, propeller, thrust, pitch and operational mode indicator". Mandatory requirements were adopted at MSC 101 as follows:

Amendments to Forms C, E and P in the appendix to SOLAS certificates. Amendments to item 8.1 "Details of navigational systems and equipment - Rudder, propeller, thrust, pitch and operational mode indicator" in the appendix to Safety Certificate for Cargo (Form C and E) or Passenger Ships (Form P) and in the appendix to Safety Equipment Certificate for Cargo Ships (Form E) were adopted, in order to uniform the indication in case the equipment is not on board.

Convention / Regulation

Amendment of the existing Records of equipment (requirements of the GMDSS) for cargo ship safety (Form E and C) and passenger ship safety (Form P)

Application

All SOLAS applicable vessels

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	Safety Certificates supplement forms C, E and P, at item 8.1 has been revised Rudder, propeller, thrust, pitch and operational mode indicator.
To Flags & RO	Guided by MSC.456 (101) while filling out Supplement Forms C, E and P
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	N/A

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 January 2024

Reference

SOLAS Appendix, MSC.456 (101)



A new regulation II-1/25-1 was adopted with the intent to capture all ships which are currently not required to have a water level detection alarm, with the exception of bulk carriers and tankers. The requirement applies to the ships irrespective of length, presence of wing tanks or applied damage stability standard. Current SOLAS Regulation II-1/25 requires single hold cargo ships of less than 80 metres (100 metres if constructed before 1 July 1998) to have a water level detection alarm. These ships are not required to have a damage stability assessment which means that there is no requirement to assess the effect of flooding of the cargo hold. Should damage occur and water start to enter the hold, there is a need for the crew to be aware of the situation so that appropriate mitigation actions can be taken.

Convention / Regulation

Amendments to SOLAS chapter II-1, requirements for water level detectors on multiple hold cargo ships other than bulk carriers and tankers

Application

All new cargo ships with more than one cargo hold (contracted on or after 1 January 2024, in the absence of a building contract, keel laid on or after 1 July 2024 or delivered on or after 1 January 2028), except tankers and bulk carriers.

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	Bilge alarms, which are commonly installed on cargo ships that do not carry bulk cargoes, will no longer exclusively fulfil the requirements of the proposed new regulation, and additional detectors will be required to do so.
To Flags & RO	The implementation of SOLAS new regulation II-1/25-1 shall be verified during inspections.
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	Installation of bilge alarms as per Regulation II-1/25-1 on newly constructed vessels.

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 January 2024

Reference

SOLAS regulation II-1/25-1; MSC.482 (103)



The existing forms of the Passenger Ship Safety Certificate, the Cargo Ship Safety Equipment Certificate, the Cargo Ship Safety Radio Certificate and the Cargo Ship Safety Certificate contained in the appendix to the annex are replaced by the revised version.

"Sea areas in which ship is certified to operate (regulation IV/2) ³

Footnote:

3 For a ship certified to operate in sea area A3, indicate the recognized mobile satellite service in brackets."

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	Existing forms of the Passenger Ship Safety Certificate, the Cargo Ship Safety Equipment Certificate, the Cargo Ship Safety Radio Certificate and the Cargo Ship Safety Certificate has been revised.
To Flags & RO	Guided by the MSC.497(105) for the revision to the certificate.
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	N/A

Convention / Regulation

The existing cargo ships and passenger ships certificates are replaced by a revised version

Application

All SOLAS applicable ships

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 January 2024

Reference

MSC.497 (105)



The new version of the Explanatory notes ensures the uniform application of the regulations, including those SOLAS amendments adopted at this session. The revised version revokes resolution MSC.429(98)/Rev.1 on 01 January 2024.

- a) changes have been made to the following regulations in parts A, B, B-1, B-2, B-4, and C:
- b) Regulation 4, making the alternative compliance part of the text rather than a footnote.
- c) Regulation 5-1, requiring limiting stability information to include trim.
- d) Regulation 6, modifying the required subdivision index, R, for passenger ships.
- e) Regulation 7-2, amending the calculation for si.
- f) Regulation 9, providing limits on the distance from the keel line that small wells should be located unless a damage stability check is made and introducing a minimum limit for the vertical damage extent.
- g) Regulation 12, permitting a butterfly value at the collision bulkhead on cargo ships.
- h) Regulation 16 requires testing of watertight hatches.
- i) Regulation 17, requiring air pipes which terminate in a superstructure to be considered unprotected openings unless fitted with a watertight means of closure.
- j) Regulation 22, removing the possibility of leaving watertight doors open during navigation if the maximum clear opening is more than 1.2m. Some exceptions do apply.

Regulation 35-1, Bilge pumping arrangements

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	N/A
To Flags & RO	N/A
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	These are significant changes to the damage stability regulations that ship designers should take into consideration at an early stage of design and development.

Convention / Regulation

Revised Explanatory notes to the SOLAS Chapter II-1 Subdivision and damage stability regulations

Application

All SOLAS applicable ships where the keel is laid on or after 1 July 2020, or the ship is delivered on or after 1 January 2024

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 January 2024

Reference

SOLAS Chapter II-1, MSC.429 (98)/Rev.2



Amendments to the FSS Code the term 'forward of' is amended to read 'downstream of' considering that normally the inert gas generator is located in the aft part of the ship, the cargo tanks are located in the forward part of the ship, and the inert gas flows from the inert gas generator to the cargo tanks. The following paragraphs were modified:

- a) "2.2.3.2.1 The inert gas main may be divided into two or more branches downstream of the non-return devices required by paragraph 2.2.3.1."
- b) "2.2.3.2.6 Arrangements shall be provided to enable the inert gas main to be connected to an external supply of inert gas. The arrangements shall consist of a 250 mm nominal pipe size bolted flange, isolated from the inert gas main by a valve and located downstream of the non-return valve. The design of the flange should conform to the appropriate class in the standards adopted for the design of other external connections in the ship's cargo piping system"
- c) "2.2.4.2 Instrumentation shall be fitted for continuously indicating and permanently recording, when inert gas is being supplied:
- the pressure of the inert gas mains downstream of the nonreturn devices; and the oxygen content of the inert gas."

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	This amendment stems from the unified interpretation (MSC.1/Circ.1582/Rev.1) and has not changed the regulation but instead clarifies the text.
To Flags & RO	N/A
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	N/A

Convention / Regulation

Amendments to the FSS Code -Chapter 15 with regards to inert gas flow and revision of the term 'forward of' to 'downstream of'

Application

Applicable to all ships for which FSS Code is applicable

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 January 2024

Reference

FSS Code Chapter 15, Paragraphs 2.2.3.2.1, 2.2.3.2.6 and 2.2.4.2; MSC.457 (101)



The following new paragraph 2.1.8 is inserted:

"2.1.8 In cargo ships and on passenger ship cabin balconies, where an individually identifiable system is fitted, notwithstanding the provisions in paragraph 2.1.6.1, MSC.484 isolator modules need not be provided at each fire detector if the system is arranged (103) in such a way that the number and location of individually identifiable fire detectors rendered ineffective due to a fault would not be larger than an equivalent section in a section identifiable system, arranged in accordance with paragraph 2.4.1."

The two systems can be defined as:

 A section identifiable system – "a system with the capability of identifying the section in which a detector or manually operated call point has activated" (paragraph 1.2.2 of chapter 9 of the FSS Code);

An individually identifiable system – "a system with the capability to identify the exact location and type of detector or manually activated call point which has activated, and which can differentiate the signal of that device from all others" (paragraph 1.2.3 of chapter 9 of the FSS Code).

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	Ship builders, ship managers and owners to note that these amendments apply to all new construction cargo ships and to new construction passenger ships with cabin balconies. These amendments shall also be applicable for ships refitted on or after 1 July 2012 as per 9.1.1 of the FSS Code.
To Flags & RO	Ros shall be guided as per the amendments to FSS Code (MSC.484 (103)
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	The new building and existing shall be fitted with individually identifiable fire detection system.

Convention / Regulation

Amendments to FSS Code Chapter 9 with regards to fault isolation requirements for cargo ships and passenger ship cabin balconies fitted with individually identifiable fire detector systems

Application

Applicable to all ships for which FSS Code is applicable

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 January 2024

Reference

FSS Code Chapter 9; MSC.484 (103)



These amendments to SOLAS regulation III/33.2 and paragraph 4.4.1.3.2 of the LSA Code remove the requirement to launch free-fall lifeboats with the ship making headway at speeds up to 5 knots in calm water on internationally trading cargo ships of 20,000GT and upwards. This amendment specifies that "davit-launched lifeboats shall be capable of being launched, utilizing painters where necessary, with the ship making headway at speeds up to 5 knots in calm water".

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	The amendment removes the requirement to launch free-fall lifeboats with the ship making headway at speeds up to 5 knots in calm water.
To Flags & RO	Guided by amendments to LSA Code and MSC.485(103)
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	N/A

Convention / Regulation

Amendments to SOLAS Chapter III, the LSA Code (paragraph 4.4.1.3.2)

Application

Applicable to cargo ships of 20,000GT and above carrying davitlaunched lifeboats

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 January 2024

Reference

SOLAS Chapter III (MSC.482(103)); LSA Code (MSC.485(103))



The amendments to LSA Code stipulates that buoyant oars are no longer required for a lifeboat equipped with two independent propulsion systems, where the arrangement consists of two separate engines, shaft lines, fuel tanks, piping systems and any other associated ancillaries.

Paragraph 4.4.8.1 is replaced by the following:

".1 except for a lifeboat equipped with two independent propulsion systems, MSC.459 (101) where the arrangement consists of two separate engines, shaft lines, fuel tanks, piping systems and any other associated ancillaries, and for a free fall lifeboat, sufficient buoyant oars to make headway in calm seas. Thole pins, crutches or equivalent arrangements shall be provided for each oar provided. Thole pins or crutches must be attached to boat by lanyards or chains;".

This amendment incorporates MSC.1/Circ.1597 Unified Interpretation of Paragraph 4.4. 8.1 of the LSA Code into the LSA Code.

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	Lifeboat that is equipped with two independent propulsion systems, there is no longer any requirement to carry buoyant oars as it is unlikely that both propulsion systems will fail at the same time.
To Flags & RO	ROs shall be guided by MSC.459 (101) during the safety inspections.
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	N/A

Convention / Regulation

Amendments to LSA Code with regards to the exemption of the requirement for buoyant oars for lifeboats with two independent propulsion systems

Application

Applicable to lifeboats with two independent propulsion systems

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 January 2024

Reference

Chapter IV Paragraphs 4.4.8; MSC.459 (101)



The amendments provides guidelines on the application of high manganese austenitic steel for cryogenic service (MSC.1/Circ.1599/Rev.2).IGF Code Paragraph 16.3.3.5.1 & IGC Code Paragraph 6.5.3.5.1 is replaced by the following:

".1 tensile tests: cross-weld tensile strength shall not be less than the specified minimum tensile strength for the appropriate parent materials. For materials such as Aluminium alloys, reference shall be made to 6.4.12.1.1.3 (for IGF Code) (102) or 4.18.1.3 (for IGC Code) with regard to the requirements for weld metal strength of under-matched welds (where the weld metal has a lower tensile strength than the parent metal). In every case, the position of fracture shall be recorded for information;"

Convention / Regulation

Amendments to IGC Code & IGF Code on the use of materials such as Aluminium alloys

Application

All ships subject to IGF Code and IGC Code which use high manganese steel in the construction of tanks carrying low temperature cargo or fuel

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	N/A	
To Flags & RO	N/A	Entry Appli
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	Amendments enable alternative materials to be used and make it clear that the requirements for welding and non-destructive testing are to be met.	1 Jc

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 January 2024

Reference

IGF Code (Paragraph 16.3.3.5) IGC Code (Paragraph 6.5.3.5); MSC.475 (102), MSC.476 (102)



Revisions to the IGF Code to consider the use of low-flashpoint fuels other than LNG, matters related to LNG where there are opportunities to reflect lessons learned and make necessary improvements and additions have also been considered.

The new requirements amend the following:

- a) definition of the probability for the index fv
- b) loading limits for liquefied gas fuel tanks insulation and location
- c) fuel distribution outside of machinery spaces, and the need for protection by a secondary enclosure
- d) explosion relief systems and designed accommodation of overpressure for internal combustion engines

fire protection for the separation of fuel containment systems from other spaces.

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	These amendments improve the application of the IGF Code. Applicable to ships constructed or converted to use gas as fuel on or after 1 January 2024. Ship constructed on or after 1 January 2024 here means: for which the building contract is placed on or after 1 January 2024; or in the absence of a building contract, the keels of which are laid, or which are at a similar stage of construction on or after 1 July 2024; or 3. the delivery of which is on or after 1 January 2028.
To Flags & RO	N/A
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	Design requirements will not be applied retrospectively to existing ships.

Convention / Regulation

Amendments to the IGF Code

Application

Ships constructed or converted to use gas as fuel on or after 01 January 2024

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 January 2024

Reference

IGF Code Parts A and A-1; MSC.458 (101)



A new amendment to the IGF Code added a requirement for fixed fire extinguishing systems in fuel preparation rooms containing pumps, compressors or other potential ignition sources.

The following new regulation 11.8 is added:

"Regulation for fuel preparation room fire-extinguishing systems.

For ships constructed on or after 1 January 2024, fuel preparation rooms containing pumps, compressors or other potential ignition sources shall be provided with a fixed fire-extinguishing system complying with the provisions of SOLAS regulation 11-2/10.4.1.1 and considering the necessary concentrations/application rate required for extinguishing gas fires."

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	Owners will be required to meet these new requirements for fuel preparation rooms containing pumps, compressors or other potential ignition sources.
To Flags & RO	Guided by MSC.475 (102)
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	Shipyards will be required to meet these new requirements for fuel preparation rooms containing pumps, compressors or other potential ignition sources.

Convention / Regulation

Amendment to the IGF Code with regards to the fuel preparation room fire-extinguishing systems

Application

Applicable to all new ships that are constructed on or after 1 January 2024 that use low-flashpoint fuels (as per SOLAS II-1 Part G) and are subject to the IGF Code

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 January 2024

Reference

IGF Code Part A-1 Regulation 11.8; MSC.475 (102)



IGF Code, Paragraph 6.7.1.1 requires all fuel storage tanks to be provided with a pressure relief system appropriate to the design of the fuel containment system and the fuel being carrier. The amended text removes tank cofferdams from the spaces required to have a pressure relief system.

Regulation 6.7.1.1 is replaced by the following:

"All fuel storage tanks shall be provided with a pressure relief system appropriate to the design of the fuel containment system and the fuel being carried. Fuel storage hold spaces, interbarrier spaces and tank connection spaces, which may be subject to pressures beyond their design capabilities, should also be provided with a suitable pressure relief system. Pressure control systems specified in 6.9 shall be independent of the pressure relief systems."

To Ship Owners / Ship
ManagersTank cofferdams will no longer be required to be fitted
with a pressure relief system. es.To Flags & ROGuided by the Resolution MSC.475 (102)To Shipbuilders /
ManufacturersSame as above

IMPLICATIONS

Convention / Regulation

Amendment to the IGF Code with regards to the pressure relief system

Application

All ships for which IGF Code is applicable

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 January 2024

Reference

IGF Code Part A-1 Regulation 6.7.1.1; MSC.475 (102)



These amendments align the requirements with respect to doors in watertight bulkheads with that of the SOLAS Convention and allow for hinged watertight doors where previously the regulations only included remotely operated sliding watertight doors:

- a) Amendments to the 1988 Load Line Protocol: regulation 27 (13)(a)
- b) Amendments to MARPOL Annex I
- c) Amendments to the IBC Code: Chapter 2 paragraph 2.9.2.1

Amendments to the IGC Code: Chapter 2 paragraph 2.7.1.1

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	The amendments to the 1988 Load Lines Protocol and the IGC Code specify additional openings fitted with watertight closures, which are excluded from the requirement of being located above the final damage waterline and, therefore, will have no impact on existing ships. There is no significant impact as these amendments clarify and align the requirements of watertight doors with that of the SOLAS Convention.
To Flags & RO	Guided by the Resolutions MEPC.343 (78), MSC.491 (104) and (MSC.492 (104)
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	N/A

Convention / Regulation

Amendments to MARPOL Annex I, the 1988 Load Line Convention and the IGC Code with regards to watertight doors on cargo ships

Application

All ships both new and existing, to which the IGF, IBC Code and LL Convention applies

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 January 2024

Reference

MARPOL Annex I-(MEPC.343 (78)), Load Line Convention-(MSC.491 (104)); IGC Code - (MSC.492 (104))



Amendments to Regulation 10, MARPOL Annex V, to make the Garbage Record Book mandatory for ships of 100 GT and above. MEPC 78 approved a change in the lower gross tonnage threshold for the carriage of a Garbage Record Book from 400 GT to 100 GT. The amendments mean that vessels of 100 GT and above will now require to keep a Garbage Record book onboard.

Convention / Regulation

Mandatory garbage record book for ships of 100 GT and above and less than 400 GT

Application

All ships for between 100 - 400 GT and all fixed and floating platforms

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	All ships of 100 GT and above will need to keep a Garbage Record Book onboard and record all discharges into the sea or reception facilities or completed incineration, within it.
To Flags & RO	Guided by Resolution MEPC.360 (79) during Annex V surveys
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	N/A

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 May 2024

Reference

MARPOL Annex V, Regulation 10; MEPC.360 (79)



MEPC 79 adopted amendments to designate the Mediterranean Sea as an Emission Control Area for Sulphur Oxides and Particulate Matter, under MARPOL Annex V I. In such an Emission Control Area, the limit for Sulphur in fuel oil used on board ships is 0.10% mass by mass (m/m), while outside these areas the limit is 0.50% m/m. The adoption of the proposed 'Med SOx ECA' will result in significant reductions in ambient levels of air pollution in the Mediterranean Sea as a whole, and in the Mediterranean coastal States, which would achieve substantial benefits to human health and the environment.

Convention /

Regulation

Mediterranean Sea Emission Control Area (ECA) for Sulphur Oxides (SOx) and Particulate matter

Application

Applicable to all ships for which MARPOL Convention is applicable

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	The amendment is expected to enter into force on 1 May 2024, but taking effect from 1 May 2025.
To Flags & RO	N/A
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	N/A

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 May 2024

Reference

MARPOL Annex V, Regulation 14, Appendix VII; MEPC.361 (79)



MARPOL Annex VI, Appendix IX is updated to include information on attained EEXI and EEDI and relevant information on carbon intensity for ships required to comply with MARPOL Regulation 28. The new requirements on ships' carbon intensity (CII) entered force on 1 November 2022. As such the information required to be submitted into the IMO Ship Fuel Oil Consumption Database (DCS) has been aligned with the latest SEEMP Guidelines and Regulation 28 requirements.

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	Ensure that the ship has an approved SEEMP Part II and Part III onboard, as the latest revision of MAPROL Annex VI, Appendix IX is in line with the latest SEEMP Guidelines under Resolution MEPC. 346(78)
To Flags & RO	Review and approve SEEMP Part II and Part III as per MEPC.362 (79)
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	N/A

Convention / Regulation

Information to be submitted to the IMO ship fuel oil consumption database (DCS)

Application

All ship types which are 5000GT or above, except those identified under MARPOL Regulation 19.2

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 May 2024

Reference

MARPOL Annex VI Regulation 27; MEPC.362 (79)



As per the amendments to MARPOL Annex VI, Regulation 18.5, the flashpoint of the fuel should be included in the Bunker Delivery Note (BDN). a new item is added to the BDN – "The flashpoint (°C) specified in accordance with standards acceptable to the Organisation* or a statement that flashpoint has been measured at or above 70°C*" with a reference note that says "* ISO 2719:2016, Determination of flash point – Pensky-Martens closed cup method, Procedure A (for Distillate Fuels) or Procedure B (for Residual Fuels)."

Convention / Regulation

Information to be included in the bunker delivery note (BDN)

Application

Applicable to all ships for which MARPOL Convention is applicable

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	Ship operators ensure that the BDNs provided by fuel suppliers comply with the revised requirements. From 1st May 2024, BDNs from the from Fuel suppliers shall include the Flashpoint of the fuel, or a statement confirming that the fuel is above 70°C.
To Flags & RO	N/A
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	N/A

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 May 2024

Reference

MARPOL Annex VI Regulation 18 .5 Appendix V; MEPC.362 (79)



These amendments add States, the coastline of which border Arctic waters (as defined in the Polar Code), to the list of States which may

develop regional waste reception facilities due to their unique circumstances. Only those port waste reception facilities within Arctic waters may be covered by new regional arrangements. Regional arrangements will be covered by the amended 2012 Guidelines for the Development of a Regional Reception Facilities Plan (Resolution MEPC.221(63)). This covers oil, noxious liquid substances, sewage, garbage, or air pollution waste.

Convention / Regulation

Amendments to MARPOL Annexes I, II, IV, V & VI to allow States with ports in the Arctic region to

enter into regional arrangements for port reception facilities

Application

The reception facilities requirements apply to States, rather than ships.

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	Any shipowner, manager or operator wishing to discharge oil, noxious liquid substances, sewage, garbage, or air pollution waste to port reception facilities in the Arctic should be aware that there may be regional arrangements in place and reception facilities may not be available at every port.
To Flags & RO	N/A
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	N/A

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 May 2024

Reference

MEPC.359(79), MEPC.360(79), MEPC.362(79)



MSC 106 adopted the new SOLAS chapter XV and the associated IP Code. The amendment provides minimum safety standards for ships that carry industrial personnel, as well as for the personnel, and also addresses specific risks of maritime operations (such as personnel transfer) in the offshore and energy sectors. The new SOLAS chapter XV and the IP Code has an entry into force date of 1 July 2024 until then, Interim Recommendations on the Safe Carriage of more than 12 Industrial Personnel on Board Vessels Engaged on International Voyages as outlined in resolution MSC.418(97) may be applied.

The Industrial Personal Code covers:

- a) Industrial Personnel: crew training and medical status of IPs.
- b) Safe transfer
- c) Subdivision and stability
- d) Machinery & Electrical
- e) Fire safety
- f) LSA
- g) Dangerous goods

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	Ships that are engaged in transport or accommodating industrial personnel will need to comply with the IP Code. Every ship to which this Code applies shall have on board a valid Industrial Personnel Safety Certificate.
To Flags & RO	The IP Safety Certificate will be issued after an initial or renewal survey if the ship complies with the requirements of this Code. Existing ships certified under the Interim Recommendations (resolution MSC.418(97)) should be allowed to operate, provided that they also meet the operational and equipment requirements in the new IP Code. Flag Administrations may apply IP Code requirements to vessels engaged in the transfer of industrial personnel and special personnel below 500 GT.
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	N/A

Convention / Regulation

New SOLAS Chapter XV and associated new International Code of Safety for Ships Carrying Industrial Personal (IP Code)

Application

All new cargo ships and high-speed cargo craft and passenger ships, of 500 GT and upwards, constructed on or after 1 July 2024 which carry more than 12 industrial personnel.

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 July 2024

Reference

SOLAS Chapter XV; MSC.527(106), MSC.521(106)



The 2011 amendments to Enhanced Survey Programme will require increased survey requirements for water ballast tanks (WBT) and void spaces for bulk carriers and include:

- a) The criteria to require examination of WBTs annually is changed from "if the coating is POOR" to "if the coating is less than GOOD".
- b) The requirements for examining ballast tanks and void spaces bounding cargo holds have been separated. More evidence on corrosion is necessary before imposing more stringent inspections for void spaces with different types of coatings.
- c) Introduction of examination requirements to double-sided void spaces on bulk carriers exceeding 20 years of age and more than 150m in length which are to be examined annually if the coating is found in "POOR" condition.

Clarification that the ESP Code does not apply to oil tankers carrying oil in independent tanks which are not part of ship's hull.

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	Amendments 2011 ESP will apply ship owners of bulk carriers with single side and double side skin construction and to oil tanker owners from 1 July 2024 onwards.
To Flags & RO	N/A
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	N/A

Convention / Regulation

Amendments to the 2011 Enhanced Survey Programme (2011 ESP)

Application

The amendments will apply to all bulk carriers with single side and double side skin construction and to oil tankers

Entry into Force / Applicable From

1 July 2024

Reference

MSC.525 (106)



The International Maritime Organization has adopted Resolution MSC.539(107), amending the International Maritime Solid Bulk Cargoes Code (IMSBC Code), effective 1 January 2025 with voluntary early application from 1 January 2024. MSC.539(107) replaces the entire text of the IMSBC Code. One existing schedule for "FISH MEAL (FISH SCRAP), STABILIZED UN 2216 Antioxidant treated "is removed from the Code and replaced by a new schedule for "FISH MEAL (FISH SCRAP), STABILIZED Antioxidant treated" - the cargo is no longer classified as UN 2216 but remains a Group B cargo. In addition, there are 12 new schedules, and CELESTINE CONCENTRATE has been added as a new Bulk Cargo Shipping Name (BCSN) to the existing schedule. The MSC also approved related circulars on: Guidelines for the submission of information and completion of the format for the properties of cargoes not listed in the International Maritime Solid Bulk Cargoes (IMSBC) Code and their conditions of carriage; Guidelines for developing and approving procedures for sampling, testing and controlling the moisture content for solid bulk cargoes which may liquefy or undergo dynamic separation; and Lists of solid bulk cargoes for which a fixed gas fireextinguishing system may be exempted or for which a fixed gas fire-extinguishing system is ineffective.

Convention / Regulation

Amendments to the International Maritime Solid Bulk Cargoes (IMSBC) Code (07-23)

Application

New and existing bulk carriers and general cargo ships carrying cargoes subject to the requirements of IMSBC Code from 1 January 2025 with voluntary early application from 1 January 2024.

IMPLICATIONS

To Ship Owners / Ship Managers	Ship owners and operators should be aware of the new requirements for new and existing substances. Certification that includes the new cargoes can be requested after the voluntary application date subject to the agreement of the Flag State.
To Flags & RO	N/A
To Shipbuilders / Manufacturers	N/A

Entry into Force / Applicable From

Voluntary from 01 July 2024

Reference

IMO Resolution MSC.539(107)



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THANK YOU